	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
Science	Autumn 1  Animals, including Humans  - Notice that animals, including humans, have offspring which grow into adults.  - find out about and describe the basic needs of animals including humans for survival (water, food and air).  - describe the importance for humans of exercise, eating the right amounts of different types of food, and hygiene.		Everyday  Materials  - identify and compare the suitability of a variety of everyday materials, including wood, metal, plastic, glass, brick, rock, paper and cardboard for particular uses.  - find out how the shapes of solid objects made from some materials can be changed by squashing, bending, twisting and stretching.	Plants - observe and describe how seeds and bulbs grow into mature plants find out and describe how plants need water, light and a suitable temperature to grow and stay healthy.	Living Things and their Habitats (inc. animals from around the world) - explore and compare the differences between things that are living, dead, and things that have never been alive identify that most living things live in habitats to which they are suited and describe how different habitats provide for the basic needs of different kinds of plants and animals, and how they depend on each other identify and name a variety of plants and animals in their habitats, including micro-habitatsdescribe how animals obtain their food from plants and other animals, using the idea of a simple food chain, and identify and name different sources of food.  Topic - 'Travel' (World Travel)	
Geography			vegetation, season and weather.			
History (Timeline in	Topic - 'Events beyond living memorationally or globally (e.g. Grand Bonfire Night, Remembrance)	ry that are significant reat Fire of London,	(Numi or ests - Dumillee R	wiii vi 631)	- The lives of significant in have contributed to nation achievements. Some should aspects of life in different	al and international d be used to compare

the classroom)	commemorated through festivals or anniversaries)  - The lives of significant individuals in the past who have contributed to national and international achievements. Some should be used to compare aspects of life in different periods e.g. Edith Cavell WW1/Florence Nightingale/Mary Seacole/Community Nurse, Guy Fawkes, Samuel Pepys etc (compare 2people in different periods)  -Significant historical events, people and places in their own locality		Armstrong (N America) / Chris Hadfield, Christopher Columbus / Ranulph Fiennes (Europe) etc			
Art	Art & Design: Pupils should be taught:  to use a range of materials creatively to design & make products to use drawing, painting & sculpture to develop & share their ideas, experiences & imagination to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and space about the work of a range of artists, craft makers & designers, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.					
	Great Fire of London.	Aboriginal Art / Collage - using real /				
	David Hockney	natural resources to create the				
	Genre - Portraits - look at portraits of	rainforest.				
	famous people 1st half term re-create them					
	using collage, pencils, watercolour etc. 2ND					
	half term create own portrait.					
D.T.	Through a variety of creative/practical activities, pupils should be taught knowledge, understanding & skills needed to engage in an iterative process of designing & making. They should work in range of relevant contexts [e.g. home, school, gardens, playgrounds, local community, industry & wider env.]. When designing & making, pupils should be taught to:  Design   design purposeful, functional, appealing products for themselves and other users based on design criteria   generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through talking, drawing, templates, mock-ups and, where appropriate, information and communication technology  Make   select from & use a range of tools/ equipment to perform practical tasks [e.g.cutting, shaping, joining, finishing]   select from and use a wide range of materials and components, including construction materials, textiles and ingredients, according to their characteristics  Evaluate   explore and evaluate a range of existing products   evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria   evaluate their ideas and products against design criteria   explore and use mechanisms [e.g., levers, sliders, wheels and axles], in their products					
	2 de lipros de ante des mosmanismo [e.g., ferend, entado e, whole	Making musical instruments e.g.	Making vehicles			
		rainsticks. (Instruments that can depict the sounds of the rainforest).	Cooking & Nutrition  - use the basic principles of a healthy and varied diet to prepare dishes.			
			10 p. opa. o a.o. (00.			

					Make a continental f fruit from each cont		
I.C.T.	Computing: Pupils should be taught to:    understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices & that programs execute by following precise & unambiguous instructions   create and debug simple programs   use logical reasoning to predict behaviour of simple programs   use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate & retrieve digital content   recognise common uses of information technology beyond school   use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help & support when they have concerns about content or contact on internet/other online technologies						
	Computer Art – Pointillism, Mondrian, Picasso, Colour Coding, Pop Art and Creating a masterpiece	Presentation Skills - using PowerPoint and creating presentations	Programming turtle Logo and Scratch - Drawing shapes, Movement and sound, repeating, green flag and sprites.	Turtle Logo – Algorithms and programming	Using the Internet - Searching, links, photos, blogging and comments	Using and Applying – using all skills from previous lessons to create work	
Music	Music; Pupils should be taught to:  use their voices expressively & creatively by singing songs & speaking chants and rhymes  play tuned & untuned instruments musically listen with concentration & understanding to a range of high-quality live and recorded music experiment with, create, select & combine sounds using inter-related dimensions of music.						
					Music from different continents - samba, jazz, indian etc		
					•		
P.E.	Pupils should develop fundamental movement skills, become increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and co-operative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations. Pupils should be taught to:    master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities   participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending   perform dances using simple movement patterns.						
	perform dances using sir						
	<pre>Derform dances using sin Gym - Supporting body weight parts high, parts low. Pathways - straight,</pre>	mple movement patterns.	Gym - Spinning, turning, twisting.	Dance - Rainforests	Gym - Linking movements together.	Team games / athletics	

	games.						
Visits	Nantwick	n Museum			Welsh Mo	ountain Zoo	
	Delamere Residential						
Some suggested	,		Book - 'Where the Forest meets the sea'		Book - 'Meerkat Mail'		
resources:			'Australia He	'Australia Here We Come!'		'The World came to my place today' by Jo Readman Flight Radar website	
On-going	Science - Working Scientifically (Also look at plants throughout the year e.g. photograph an area of the field or planter						
throughout	and record changes etc. each month). Seasonal changes.						
the year	Geography - Using the Local Environment.						